APPENDIX 2: Plans and programmes

Ref No.	Policies, Plans or Programme of Potential Relevance	Key Objectives: Issues, Guidance, Indicators or Targets relevant to the Area Plan	Implications and Considerations for Sustainability Appraisal (SA)	Implications and Considerations for the Euston Area Plan update
NATIONAL:				
1.	National Planning Policy Framework 2021 (and associated National Planning Practice Guidance)	The NPPF (2021) reiterates the presumption in favour of sustainable development. The UK has agreed to pursue the 17 Global Goals for Sustainable Development in the period 2030. The government's planning policy approach for delivering sustainable development sets out the following key policy themes: 1. Achieving sustainable development 2. Plan-making 3. Decision-making 4. Delivering a sufficient supply of homes 5. Building a strong, competitive economy 6. Ensuring the vitality of town centres 7. Promoting healthy and safe communities 8. Promoting sustainable transport 9. Supporting high quality communications 10. Making effective use of land 11. Achieving well-designed places 12. Protecting Green Belt land 13. Meeting the challenge of climate change, flooding and coastal change 14. Conserving and enhancing the natural environment 15. Conserving and enhancing the historic environment	The NPPF contains a number of principles, objectives and policies which should be taken into account in considering the sustainability objectives. There are some areas of potential conflict, e.g. supporting economic growth and more efficient use of land (e.g. through higher density) against design and conservation related considerations and objectives.	The EAP will have to reflect these objectives and set out principles ensuring environmental, economic and social objectives are considered in accordance with the NPPF. Public participation and consultation will form a key part of drawing up the document.

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		16. Facilitating the sustainable use of minerals		
2.	Implementing the Sustainable Development Goals 2019	This document sets the national sustainable development framework and sets out five guiding principles for Sustainable Development: • Ensuring a strong, healthy and just society • Living within environmental limits • Achieving a sustainable economy • Promoting good governance • Using sound science responsibly It identifies four priority areas for action, shared across the UK: • Sustainable Consumption and Production **–**looking at how goods and services are produced, the impacts of products and materials across their whole lifecycle and reducing the inefficient use of resources and to break the link between economic growth and environmental degradation. • Climate Change and Energy –to secure major changes in the way energy is generated and used, and in other activities that release the gases that affect climate change. • Natural Resource Protection and Environmental Enhancement –to ensure a decent environment for everyone, and a more integrated policy framework. • Sustainable Communities –to create sustainable communities that embody the principles of sustainable development at the local level and also applies those principles everywhere else.	Ensure that the range of sustainability objectives reflect key principles and priorities and promote sustainable development and communities	The EAP Update should reflect, embed and contribute to the delivering the 17 Sustainable Development goals.

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		It sets out a wide range of indicators and targets including 20 UK Framework indicators and 48 supplementary indicators reflecting priorities of the Strategy.		
3.	The National Adaptation Programme and the Third Strategy for Climate Adaptation Reporting (2018)	The National Adaption Programme sets the actions that Camden will take to adapt to the challenges of climate change. The programme recognises that 'Local government plays a major role in shaping local places by taking decisions and providing guidance, through the local democratic process, on the urban landscape, the built environment, green and blue natural spaces, and public health' and that 'Many of the impacts arising from climate change will affect their communities, infrastructure and assets, and the provision of services.' Requirement of core cities, London Councils and the GLA to work together to deliver innovative solutions to climate change under the following principles: • Embed climate risk management in the Built Environment; • Strengthen the climate resilience of infrastructure; • Address and build resilience to the Health and Wellbeing impacts of climate change; • Address climate impacts on Business and Services; • Work jointly to develop a business case that increases understanding of the benefits of early action, as well as the risks of inaction, by the development of a model approach to business case management.	The SA should aim to reflect the focus of these principles.	The EAP Update should support the approach and areas of action where appropriate.

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4.	A Green Future: Our 25 Year Plan to Improve the Environment, DEFRA 2018	This 25 Year Environment Plan sets out government action to help the natural world regain and retain good health. It aims to deliver cleaner air and water in the city, protect threatened species and provide richer wildlife habitats. The plan champions sustainable development, leading in environmental science, innovating to achieve clean growth and increasing resource efficiency to provide benefits to both our environment and economy.	The SA objections should meet the goals and targets set out in the Plan.	The EAP should help ensure that these targets continue to be met in the future.
5.	Clean Air Strategy 2019 (DEFRA)	The aim of the air quality strategy is to set out air quality objectives and policy options to further improve air quality in the UK from today into the long term. As well as direct benefits to public health, these options are intended to provide important benefits to quality of life and help to protect our environment.	SA objectives should support measures that can contribute to improved air quality taking into account the national guidance.	The EAP should be aware of the national guidance and should promote the achievement of the targets and objectives set out. This is particularly relevant in Camden, where national air quality standards are not currently being met.
6.	Waste Management Plan for England 2021	This plan provides an overview of waste management in England and supersedes the Waste Management Plan for England 2013.	SA should meet the objectives set out in this plan.	The EAP should be aware of this new plan and promote preserving resources by minimising waste, promoting resource efficiency and

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				moving towards a circular economy.
7.	Our Waste, Our Resources: A strategy for England 2018	This strategy sets out how to double resource productivity and eliminate avoidable waste of all kinds (including plastic waste) by 2050. The strategy sets out how to: • preserve our stock of material resources by minimising waste, promoting resource efficiency and moving towards a circular economy • minimise the damage caused to our natural environment by reducing and managing waste safely and carefully • deal with waste crime It combines actions we will take now with firm commitments for the coming years and gives a clear longer-term policy direction in line with the 25 Year Environment Plan.	The SA objectives should move away from the inefficient 'linear' economic model of 'take, make, use, throw'. A more circular economy (re-use, remanufacture, repair, recycle) will see us keeping resources in use for as long as possible. It will allow us to extract maximum value from them, then recover and regenerate products and materials at the end of their lifespan.	The EAP should promote the aims of the strategy including highlighting the importance of a circular economy.
8.	The Historic Environment in Local Plans: 1 (2015)	This note provides information on good practice when implementing historic environment policy in the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) and the related guidance given in the National Planning Practice Guide (PPG). It emphasises that all information requirements and assessment work in support of plan-making and heritage protection needs to be proportionate to the significance of	The SA objectives should ensure that they recognise and reinforce the historic significance of places.	The EAP should ensure that the good practice is followed with regard to the historic environment.

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		the heritage assets affected and the impact on the significance of those heritage assets and helps LPAs make well informed and effective local plans. The guidance note sets out the need to consider inter-relationship of the objectives for the historic environment with the following relevance for the Euston Area: • Building a strong, competitive economy • Ensuring the vitality of town centres • Promoting sustainable transport • Delivering a wide choice of high quality homes • Requiring good design • Meeting the challenge of climate change		
9.	Managing Significance in Decision Taking in the Historic Environment: Good Practice Advice Note 2 (2015)	This guidance note provides information on good practice with regard to assessing the significance of heritage assets. The advice in the document, in accordance with the NPPF, emphasises that the information required in support of applications for planning permission and listed building consent should be no more than is necessary to reach an informed decision, and that activities to conserve or investigate the asset needs to be proportionate to the significance of the heritage assets affected and the impact on that significance	Within the EAP area boundary there are a number of heritage assets including designated heritage assets and non-designated heritage assets.	The EAP should seek to ensure that development proposals are designed with the knowledge and understanding of the significance of the heritage assets they may affect.
10.	Conservation Area Designation, Appraisal and	This note provides information on conservation area appraisal, designation and management. It emphasises that evidence is required to inform decisions affecting a conservation area.	Part of the Euston Area falls within conservation areas. The protection of	Conservation principles should form a part of the EAP.

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	Management (Historic England, 2019) Advice Note 1 Second Edition		the historic environment should form part of a sustainability appraisal.	
11.	The Setting of Heritage Assets – 2nd Edition (Historic England, 2017)	This document sets out guidance, against the background of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) and the related guidance given in the Planning Practice Guide (PPG), on managing change within the settings of heritage assets, including archaeological remains and historic buildings, sites, areas, and landscapes. It gives general advice on understanding setting, and how it may contribute to the significance of heritage assets and allow that significance to be appreciated, as well as advice on how views contribute to setting. The suggested staged approach to taking decisions on setting can also be used to assess the contribution of views to the significance of heritage assets. The guidance has been written for local planning authorities and those proposing change to heritage assets.	Objectives should include reference to the setting of historic assets.	The EAP should take into account the need to consider impact of development on the setting of historic assets.
12.	Tall buildings Historic England Advice Note 4 (2015)	This Historic England Advice Note updates previous guidance by English Heritage and CABE, produced in 2007. It seeks to guide people involved in planning for and designing tall buildings so that they may be delivered in a sustainable and successful way through the development plan and development management process.	The SA objectives should reflect the general principles to achieve higher quality and sustainable design.	The EAP will need to look at where areas for tall buildings are potentially appropriate.

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13.	Biodiversity 2020: A strategy for England's wildlife and ecosystem services (revised 15th October 2020)	The mission for this strategy for the next decade, is: to halt overall biodiversity loss, support healthy well-functioning ecosystems and establish coherent ecological networks, with more and better places for nature for the benefit of wildlife and people. The strategy has developed a set of high level outcomes to achieve this overarching objective by 2020. These outcomes will be delivered by action in the following four areas: • a more integrated large-scale approach to conservation on land and at sea • putting people at the heart of biodiversity policy • reducing environmental pressures • improving our knowledge	SA objectives should incorporate the key aims of the strategy.	The EAP should take into account the objectives and points for action and help ensure its implementation through planning.
14.	The Community Infrastructure Levy Regulations 2010 and amendments 2014	The Community Infrastructure Levy (the levy) is a tool for local authorities in England and Wales to help deliver infrastructure to support the development of the area.	The SA should consider the impact of CIL in delivering local infrastructure.	In drafting, the EAP should take these regulations into account.
15.	Thames Abstraction Licensing Strategy (Environment Agency, 2019)	This document sets out how much water there is available for abstraction within the Thames catchment, after consideration of the needs of the environment and existing abstractors. It details how the Environment Agency will manage water resources, what conditions may be applied to new abstraction licences within the catchment, and how these licences will be determined	Water resources need to be considered through the SA framework.	While the Council does not have control over water abstraction, the EAP can be used to ensure water resources in Camden are managed

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				as effectively as possible.
16.	Fair Society, Healthy Lives - The Marmot Review (post-2010)	The Review focuses on interventions that reduce both health inequalities and mitigate climate change, by: active travel; good quality open and green spaces; Improving the food environment in local; energy efficiency of housing; integrate the planning, transport, housing, environmental and health systems to address the social determinants of health; reduce social isolation.	The aims of this report should be incorporated into the SA.	The EAP should help promote the aims set out in this report.
17.	Land contamination risk management (LCRM) 2021	This document highlights that dealing with land contamination helps make the environment clean and safe. Through regeneration it can: • enhance the health and wellbeing of all • add to the economic, ecological and amenity value of the area Use land contamination risk management (LCRM) to: • identify and assess if there is an unacceptable risk • assess what remediation options are suitable to manage the risk • plan and carry out remediation • verify that remediation has worked	Land contamination will need to be considered within the SA framework.	The EAP will need to follow this guidance to help manage the risks from land contamination.

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18.	Noise action plans: large urban areas, roads and railways (2019) Environmental Noise (England) Regulations 2006	This Action Plan aims to promote good health and good quality of life (wellbeing) through the effective management of noise. It is intended that this Action Plan will assist the management of environmental noise in the context of Government policy on sustainable development.	The SA objectives should incorporate the key aims of the Plan.	The EAP should take into account the objectives and points for action and help ensure its implementation through planning.
19.	BREEAM	BREEAM is a standardised sustainability assessment tool to measure the overall performance of buildings against set criteria. Buildings that achieve high ratings use less energy, consume less water and have lower running costs than those designed to building regulations alone. BREEAM assessments generally consist of nine categories covering: Energy; Health and Well-being; Land use and Ecology; Management; Materials; Pollution; Transport; Waste; Water. The development is then rated on a scale from PASS, to GOOD, VERY GOOD, EXCELLENT and ending with OUTSTANDING.	The SA objectives will incorporate the aims of BREEAM.	The EAP should ensure that the BREEAM tool is used in ensuring sustainable development.

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20.	Home Quality Mark	The Home Quality Mark (HQM) has been created to serve the UK's house builders and the householders who buy and rent new homes. HQM helps house builders to demonstrate the high quality of their homes and to differentiate them in the marketplace. At the same time, it gives householders the confidence that the new homes they are choosing to buy or rent are well designed and built, and cost effective to run. The Home Quality Mark (HQM) is an assessment tool for new homes developed by BRE. It uses a 5-star rating to provide impartial information from independent experts on a new home's design, construction quality and running costs. It incorporates sustainability standards, including energy consumption, overheating and air quality.	The SA should include objectives that support the achievement of these targets.	The EAP should promote opportunities for high quality development and high sustainability standards.
21.	Passivhaus	PassivHaus is a design and construction standard that can result in a 90% reduction in energy demand and usage. It can be applied to both commercial and residential buildings.	SA objectives should reflect approaches to reducing energy demand and usage.	The EAP should ensure that building energy demands meet high sustainability standards.
22.	Energy white paper: Powering our net zero future December 2020	This White Paper sets out how the UK will clean up its energy system and reach net zero emissions by 2050. The Strategy includes a Ten Point Plan to lay the foundations for a Green Industrial Revolution.	Of the Ten Point Plan, key aspects for Euston objectives include - accelerating the transition to more active and sustainable transport by investing in rail and bus services, and in measures to help pedestrians and cyclists, making our building more	The EAP should put net zero and the effort to fight climate change at its core.

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			energy efficient, protecting our natural environment	
23.	Department for Transport Industrial Strategy Future of Mobility: Urban Strategy Moving Britain Ahead March 2019	This strategy sets out the approach to seize the opportunities from the changes happening in urban transport. It sets out the benefits we want mobility innovation to deliver and the Principles that will help us achieve these. In facilitating innovation in urban mobility for freight, passengers and services, the Government's approach will be underpinned as far as possible by the following Principles: 1: New modes of transport and new mobility services must be safe and secure by design. 2: The benefits of innovation in mobility must be available to all parts of the UK and all segments of society. 3: Walking, cycling and active travel must remain the best options for short urban journeys. 4: Mass transit must remain fundamental to an efficient transport system. 5: New mobility services must lead the transition to zero emissions. 6: Mobility innovation must help to reduce congestion through more efficient use of limited road space, for example through sharing rides, increasing occupancy or consolidating freight. 7: The marketplace for mobility must be open to stimulate innovation and give the best deal to consumers.	The SA objectives should be mindful of the principles set out and the Government's vision for urban transport.	The Area Plan should build on the principles in the Strategy.

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		8: New mobility services must be designed to operate as part of an integrated transport system combining public, private and multiple modes for transport users. 9: Data from new mobility services must be shared where appropriate to improve choice and the operation of the transport system.		
24.	Safer Places: The Planning System and Crime Prevention (Home Office/ODPM 2004)	Although this has been superseded by national planning policy guidance, it still provides useful and relevant guidance for design and access and crime impact statements. This guide states that sustainable communities are those that succeed economically, socially and environmentally, and respect the needs of future generations. They are well-designed places where people feel safe and secure; where crime and disorder, or the fear of crime, doesn't undermine quality of life or community cohesion. Safer places are therefore key to creating sustainable communities.	SA objectives should reflect the identified attributes in relation to accessibility, safety, and high quality urban design.	The Area Plan should take into account the attributes of safe, sustainable places and incorporate these into local planning policy.
25.	Planning policy for traveller sites 2012	This document sets out the planning aspects of finding sites for gypsies and travellers and how local authorities and gypsies and travellers can work together to achieve that aim. The overarching aim is to ensure fair and equal treatment for travellers, in a way that facilitates the traditional and nomadic way of life of travellers while respecting the interests of the settled community.	The SA objectives should reflect the intentions of the Circular to ensure that everyone has the opportunity of living in a decent home.	The Area Plan should include policies on the provision of a range of housing to meet different needs.
26.	Gear change: A bold vision for cycling and walking.	This sets out the National Government's aspirations to make England 'a great cycling nation' and transform the role cycling and walking can play in the transport system.	The SA objectives should reflect and build upon these aspirations.	The Area Plan should promote sustainable modes of transport.

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LONDON WIDE:				
27.	The London Plan 2021	The new London Plan was formally published in March 2021. A key element which underpins the new policies is the guiding principle of 'Good Growth', which is achieving growth that is economically and socially inclusive and environmentally sustainable. There are six cross cutting policy objectives around making the best use of land, strong and inclusive communities, creating a healthy city, delivering homes, London's economy and efficiency and resilience. It is worth noting that this Plan is more comprehensive and in-depth than its predecessor and contains a variety of detailed policy positions that will need to be considered when determining applications for new development in Camden.	SA objectives should reflect and build upon its strategic themes and objectives.	Tensions can exist between targets to build at higher densities and conservation and other design objectives, e.g. quality of public space. One of the key statutory requirements is for local development documents to be in general conformity with the London Plan.
28.	Mayor's Transport Strategy 2018	It sets out the Mayor's policies and proposals for reshaping transport over the next two decades. Policy approaches include: • Reducing dependency on cars in favour of active, efficient and sustainable modes of travel, with the aim of 80% of all trips in London being made on foot, by cycle or public transport by 2041. • Working towards the elimination of road traffic deaths and serious injuries by reducing the dominance of motor vehicles.	SA objectives should reflect priorities of the Transport Strategy and translate them, as appropriate, to the local level.	The Strategy's objectives and policies are integrated in the London Plan and should be reflected in the EAP.

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		• Prioritising space-efficient modes of transport to tackle congestion and improve the efficiency of streets for the movement of people and goods. • Taking action to reduce emissions – in particular diesel emissions from vehicles – to improve air quality and support compliance with UK and EU legal limits as soon as possible. • Making London's transport network zero emission by 2050, contributing towards the creation of a zero carbon city, including achieving a health-based target of 10µg/m^3 for $PM_{2.5}$ by 2030. • Use of the 'Healthy Streets' approach to provide an attractive 'whole journey experience' that will facilitate mode shift away from the car. • Making the public transport network easier and more pleasant to use, enabling customers to enjoy comfortable, confident, safe and secure, informed and stress-free travel. • Enabling disabled and older people to more easily travel spontaneously and independently and reducing the additional journey time that disabled and older users can experience.		
29.	Economic Development Strategy 2018	The central aim of this document is to create "a fairer, more inclusive economy for all Londoners and businesses. The Strategy identifies the three main goals:	To reflect these objectives but also to recognise that economic growth objectives can potentially conflict with other social and	The EAP should ensure that economic growth benefits all and ensure that development fully benefits the Knowledge Quarter.

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		• opening up opportunities – everyone should be able to benefit from all our city offers • growth – ensuring our economy will continue to thrive and is open to business • innovation – to make London a world leader in innovation, technology and a hub of new ideas and creativity	environmental objectives.	
30.	London Housing Strategy 2018	This Strategy sets out the Mayor's vision for housing, and his policies and proposals to make that happen. The five priorities are: • Building homes for Londoners; • Delivering genuinely affordable homes; • High quality homes and inclusive neighbourhoods; • A fairer deal for private renters and leaseholders; and • Tackling homelessness and helping rough sleepers. The Mayor aims to bring forward more land for housing, making more intensive use of available land and seeking greater intervention in the land market. Development is to be prioritised on brownfield sites, in and around town centres, and on smaller sites in areas that have traditionally hosted fewer new homes. Investment will be targeted towards infrastructure projects that can help to unlock significant housing delivery. The Mayor also wishes to see a wider	The objectives of the SA should reflect the priorities of the Housing Strategy and translate them, as appropriate, to the local level.	The EAP should take into account the need for homes that are affordable, high quality and provide inclusive neighbourhoods.

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		range of housing providers, with councils playing a bigger role and new players entering the industry. The Mayor's long-term strategic target is for half of new homes to be genuinely affordable, with developments to be 'fast-tracked' through the planning system where they meet a minimum threshold. Where comprehensive redevelopment of housing estates is proposed, the Mayor will only provide funding where there has been a successful ballot of existing residents.		
31.	Housing in London 2020 The evidence base for the London Housing Strategy (2020)	This document sets out the evidence for the Housing Strategy. It includes a range of more recent data to illustrate both the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic and aspects of the housing policy response. It summarises key patterns and trends across a range of topics relevant to housing in the capital.	The SA should draw upon the evidence set out in the report.	The EAP should take into account the needs set out for homes that are affordable.
32.	Good Quality Homes for all Londoners - consultation draft (October 2020)	This guidance sets out how to get the right quantity of new housing, at the right quality, in the right places. It is also essential to deliver the social infrastructure and other facilities that need to go alongside. Better, more efficient use of land can help deliver these important facilities, as well as new public transport and other key amenities.	The SA should recognise the aims of this guidance in delivering homes.	The EAP should ensure that high quality housing is critical to delivering good growth.
33.	Homes for Londoners: Affordable Housing and Viability SPG 2017	This SPG sets out a strategic target that half of new homes should be affordable and introduced the Threshold Approach to affordable housing. Under the Threshold Approach, development proposals that provide 35 per cent affordable housing and 50 per cent on public land.	The SA objectives should reflect the aims and guidance set out in the SPG.	The EAP should make sure that the approach and viability guidance are taken into account.

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34.	London's Environment Strategy 2018	Sets out a strategy for improving the quality of London's environment, with an overarching aim of ensuring London is greener, cleaner and ready for the future. It sets out a range of actions for the following areas: Air quality: • Cleaning up the transport system, making the whole bus fleet zero emission by 2037 and introducing the Ultra-Low Emission Zone by 2019; • Using a new Air Quality Positive standard so new building developments contribute to cleaning London's air; • Provide more information for Londoners on when air pollution is bad. Greening: • Making London the first National Park City, including providing a Greener City Fund to support additional planting; • Improve greening in areas with the least amount of greenspace; • Use of new Urban Greening Factors in development (through the London Plan) Climate change: • Improving the energy efficiency of homes and public buildings, and supporting roll out of smart meters; • Ensuring private landlords improve the energy efficiency of their properties;	SA objectives should take account of the Environment Strategy and translate them, as appropriate, to the local level.	The EAP should take into account the key areas of this strategy as translated into policy.

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		• Zero carbon developments by 2019 and increasing clean energy generation with 1GW of installed solar capacity by 2030. Waste: • Help cut food and associated packaging waste by 50% by 2030; • Provision of community water refill schemes and water fountains to reduce the use of single use plastic bottles; • Ensuring there are sufficient sites to manage waste in London. Adaptation: • Improving readiness of infrastructure for extreme weather events; • Making developments more water efficient • Improving water security. Noise: • Provide respite from noise through more green and tranquil spaces; Cut noise from rail and underground trains on the Transport for London network through technology and maintenance programmes.		
35.	The London Health Inequalities Strategy, 2018	The overall aim is to ensure Londoners have the best opportunities to live a long life in good health "where nobody suffers because of who they are, or where they live". Without intervention, the Strategy notes that the care Londoners need can become more complex and	SA objectives should take account of these aims in ensuring that	The EAP should take into account this strategy where appropriate.

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		enduring. The Mayor is committed to ensuring that health and health inequalities are considered in all his work – a health in all policies approach. Five key aims have been identified to drive action over the next 10 years: • Healthy Children: Every London child has a healthy start in life – providing children with environments that help them to play, eat, socialise and play well. Also helping children achieve a healthy weight. • Healthy minds: All Londoners share in a city with the best mental health in the world – all Londoners to feel comfortable talking about their mental health and end the stigma that people face due to mental health problems. Also tackling rates of suicide. • Healthy places: All Londoners benefit from an environment and economy that promotes good mental and physical health, in particular addressing pollution and access to green spaces. • Healthy communities: London's diverse communities are healthy and thriving – ensuring Londoners feel empowered to act on things that affect their own and their communities' health and wellbeing. Supporting communities at risk of infection, such as HIV and TB. Heathy Living: The heathy choice is the easy choice for all Londoners – including access to affordable, healthy food and	health and wellbeing are key considerations.	

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		enabling people to be more physically active. Reducing tobacco, alcohol and drug misuse and harm, and reducing harm related problem gambling.		
36.	London Sustainable Drainage Action Plan, 2016	Sustainable drainage systems mimic the ways that nature manages rainwater and add to the services provided by existing drains and sewers. This action plan promotes the retrofitting of sustainable drainage systems to make the drainage system work in a more natural way by: • easing the burden on drains and sewers; • reducing pollution of tributary rivers and streams; • creating more pleasant landscapes, streets and settings for London's buildings; • providing opportunities to save water; • providing opportunities for school activities and studies related to the water cycle.	Potential for constraint/conflict between development proposals and surface water drainage – guidance seeks to limit and mitigate against it.	The EAP should promote the importance of effective design measures for managing surface water.
37.	London Infrastructure Plan 2050	This document examines the broad magnitude of London's infrastructure needs (in transport, utilities and green infrastructure), the costs involved, how the infrastructure might be funded, where it is likely to be needed and how it can be delivered. The Plan projects that a 70% increase in tube and rail capacity will be needed. This will be achieved through projects including Crossrail	SA objectives should take account of these aims to ensure that new development is supported by adequate infrastructure to serve the needs of its occupants.	The EAP should seek developer contributions to mitigate the impacts of development.

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		2, increasing frequency on tube lines (to make the most of the existing network) and extending existing lines. For energy, the Plan refers to higher investment in zero-carbon electricity, developing further local energy projects and continuing to retrofit existing property to improve efficiency and reduce demand. To ensure better use of water, the Plan seeks the roll out of water meters combined with more sophisticated tariffs, water efficiency measures and in the longer term, encouraging waste water reuse. To keep pace with the projected population increase, the Plan estimates that an additional 9,000ha of accessible green space will be needed in London to meet existing standards. Existing parks and green spaces should also be better designed, planned and managed to deliver additional benefits, including mitigating flooding, improving air quality, cooling the urban environment and enhancing biodiversity and ecological resilience. The Plan also focuses on the need to improve understanding of the economic benefits of improved green infrastructure, e.g. from lowering demand on healthcare systems and preventing serious flooding incidents. The Plan identifies the need to raise digital connectivity in London to world class levels. The Plan states the Mayor's commitments to working with the telecoms industry to develop property connectivity ratings, using technology to address need in areas without fibre		

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		broadband and investigating the use of more effective methods of installing connectivity infrastructure, such as micro trenching for cables.		

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38.	Accessible London: Achieving an inclusive environment (GLA 2014)	This Supplementary Planning Guidance (SPG) provides detailed advice and guidance on the policies which promote an inclusive environment in London. The SPG: • Provides guidance on the policies contained in the London Plan regarding the promotion of an inclusive and accessible environment • Gives local planning authorities advice on how to implement these policies • Explains the principles of inclusive design and how these principles should be applied in London • Gives designers ideas on where to find good technical advice and guidance. • Provides disabled people, older people and others who experience barriers in the built environment with an understanding of what to expect from planning in London. • Identifies legislation and national planning policy guidance relevant to the promotion of an inclusive environment. • Provides signposts to other relevant London Plan SPG documents and Implementation Guides which impact on the delivery of an inclusive environment.	SA objectives should take the Accessibility Strategy into account	The advice given in the Mayor's SPG should be followed in ensuring accessibility is a key consideration.

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39.	Capital Gains: A Better Land Assembly Model for London 2018	This report brings together the evidence and makes recommendations for changing the way land is assembled in London. It deals with the particular challenges facing London, and because it is aimed at harnessing land values for the city's benefit.	The SA objectives should ensure that the recommendations made in the report are considered.	The EAP should ensure that the recommendations are noted.
40.	The Mayor's Sustainable Design and Construction: SPG 2014	To support the policies in the London Plan this SPG includes guidance on: • Energy efficient design • Meeting the carbon dioxide reduction targets • Decentralised energy • How to off-set carbon dioxide where the targets set out in the London Plan are not met • Retro-fitting measures • Support for monitoring energy use during occupation • An introduction to resilience and demand side response • Air quality neutral • Resilience to flooding • Urban greening • Pollution control • Basements policy and developments • Local food growing	SA objectives should seek to promote sustainable design and construction.	Sustainable design and construction principles should be taken forward in the EAP.

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41.	Social Infrastructure SPG 2015	This Supplementary Planning Guidance: • Provides a range of information to evaluate the need for social infrastructure, such as the GLA's demographic projections; • Emphasises the need for planning across services to ensure social infrastructure meets the broader built environmental aims of the London Plan; • Provides advice on planning for Lifetime Neighbourhoods'; • Describes Department for Health models for service delivery; • Sets targets for the provision of burial space based upon projections of need and capacity; • Provides a range of resources for assessing planning applications for social infrastructure.	SA objectives should seek suitable forms of infrastructure to meet local needs	The EAP should seek provision of social infrastructure where it is necessary to support development, taking into account wider planning and place-making objectives identified in the SPG.
42.	Shaping neighbourhoods – play and informal recreation SPG 2012	This document updates and replaces the Mayor's SPG on Providing for Children and Young People's Play and Informal Recreation published in 2008. It provides benchmark standards that are flexible enough to meet the varying needs of children and young people across London and should be used as a reference guide for boroughs in the development of their local standards. This guidance sets out responsibilities of Local Authorities, Developers and Consultants in addition to providing guidance to	SA objectives should seek to protect and increase play and informal recreation.	The EAP should seek to protect and increase play and informal recreation space with robust play strategies. This is particularly important in areas of deprivation around Euston.

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		neighbourhood forums in shaping their neighbourhood plans. Local authorities have the responsibility of ensuring robust play strategies and establishing the overall context for implementation of the Supplementary Planning Guidance, as well as detailed roles in determining requirements for specific sites.		
43.	Shaping neighbourhoods: character and context 2014	The objectives of this SPG are to provide: • specific guidance on the attributes of character and context in London (physical, cultural, social, economic, perceptions and experience); • information on resources that inform an understanding of character and context in London; • an analysis of the interrelationships between different aspects of character, and how it can be articulated and presented to others; • examples of good practice in how an understanding of character and context can be used to help manage change in a way that sustains and enhances the positive attributes of a place.	SA objectives should seek to ensure that character and context are important factors in planning for neighbourhoods.	The EAP should seek to ensure that the physical attributes of character and context are considered.
44.	London View Management Framework SPG (March 2012)	The London View Management Framework SPG provides guidance on the policies in the London Plan for the protection of strategically important views in London. The SPG explains how the views designated by the Mayor and listed in the London Plan are to be managed, and replaces the previous 2007 SPG.	SA objectives should reflect the importance of protecting the setting of important buildings.	EAP policies should reflect the established strategically important view corridors.

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45.	Mayor London's Culture Strategy 2018	This strategy outlines an ambitious programme to sustain a city that works hard, and plays hard, for everyone; a city that is built on the principle of culture for all Londoners. It is themed around four priorities: • Love London – more people experiencing and creating culture on their doorstep. • Culture and Good Growth – supporting, saving and sustaining cultural places and spaces. • Creative Londoners – investing in a diverse creative workforce for the future. • World City – a global creative powerhouse today and in the future.	The objectives of the SA should ensure that the four priorities of the Strategy are reflected.	The Area Plan should help to achieve the objectives of the Mayor's Cultural Strategy by applying the policies at a local level.
46.	Culture & the Night-Time Economy Supplementary Planning Guidance (SPG) 2017	This SPG gives advice on implementing policies with a bearing on London's culture and the night-time economy.	The SA objectives should ensure the guidance in this SPG is followed in promoting the night-time economy and night-time cultural offer whilst achieving a balance with the needs of local residents and managing the impacts of the night-time economy.	The EAP should consider this guidance and implications for the Euston area.
47.	Crossrail Funding SPG updated March 2016	The Mayor charges the Mayoral Community Infrastructure Levy (MCIL) to secure funding towards transport infrastructure of strategic importance such as Crossrail 2, and potentially other strategic transport infrastructure.	The objectives of this SPG should be followed.	The EAP should follow this guidance in relation to securing developer contributions.
48.	The Control of Dust and Emissions during	This SPG includes guidance on:	The SA objectives should be consistent with	The EAP should take into account the aim

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	Construction and Demolition SPG (July 2014)	• preparing an Air Quality Statement for construction and demolition activities, including air quality (dust) risk assessments • the stages of development the Air Quality Statement is to cover: demolition, earthwork, construction and 'trackout' (vehicles leaving the site) • identifying the potential scale (large, medium, small) of dust emissions for each stage of work • identifying the level of risk due to the scale of dust emissions on health, 'soiling' (dirt) and the natural environment • best practice methods for controlling dust on-site and to prevent 'trackout' • recommendations for monitoring • early notification of new 2015 and 2020 standards for non-road mobile machinery.	the SPG.	and policies of the SPG and where possible include policies to help achieve these aims.
LOCAL:				
49.	Camden 2025	It sets out the community's vision for the Borough in 2025, a place where everyone contributes to achieving a safe, fair, creative and active community. The Plan includes five "calls to action":	Include the relevant objectives and proposals in the SA Framework objectives and criteria	Strong links already exist between the Local Plan and Camden 2025. The EAP should reflect and help to implement the objectives.

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		• Everyone in Camden should have a place they call home – providing mixed, integrated communities with good homes where people can afford to live. Homes should be safe, warm and free of damp, accessible and flexible to meet people's changing needs and no one should be sleeping on the streets. • Growth in Camden should be strong and inclusive – everyone should be able to access the work that is right for them – this means equipping young people with skills and qualifications, tackling in-work poverty and poor job 'design' preventing people from balancing work with caring commitments, health conditions and disabilities. • Camden should be safe, strong and open, and everyone should be able to contribute to their community – people should be able to shape their community, regardless of their background, for example through artistic, cultural and social expression. Factors affecting people's well-being and participation in civic life need to be tackled: social isolation, lack of opportunities, domestic violence and crime. • Camden should be a clean, vibrant and sustainable place – this means preserving the identity of the Borough and creating streets and places that are welcoming and accessible to everyone as well as tackling problems that impact on 'liveability', e.g. air pollution and barriers to walking and cycling. Building and development should		

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		contribute to making Camden open, accessible and attractive for everyone. • Everyone in Camden should be able to live a healthy, independent life – this is about more than an absence of disease and illness, it relates to physical, mental and social wellbeing. People should be able to take charge of their own health and wellbeing, as well as be able to access the services they need to keep themselves well. Older and disabled people should be able to live independently as long as possible, no one should be lonely or isolated and people should not experience discrimination, shame or isolation if they are experiencing poor mental health.		
50.	Our Camden Plan	This is the Council's response to the Camden 2025 vision. It sets out how as an organisation the Council will play its part to achieve the ambitions set out in Camden 2025. It addresses the period from 2018 to 2022. • Homes and housing – building as many genuinely affordable homes as quickly as the Council can and helping others, housing associations and developers, to do so as well, while making sure that people's homes meet their needs. The Council will seek to minimise homelessness and rough sleeping, ensure people have a 'sustainable roof' over their head and play an active role in improving conditions in the private-rented sector. The Council will support well-designed	Include the relevant objectives and proposals in the SA Framework objectives and criteria	Strong links already exist between the Local Plan and Camden 2025. The EAP should reflect and help to implement the objectives.

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		homes and infrastructure that encourages integration, cohesion and active lifestyles. • Strong growth and access to jobs – making Camden the best place in London to do business and to work, working with the business community to deliver genuinely inclusive growth that benefits everyone. Ensuring that every child can access the pathway that is right for them, whether academic or vocational. The Council will also create the conditions for jobs to grow in the life sciences, digital, data and creative sectors and will focus its efforts on helping those furthest from the labour market into rewarding work. The Council will seek to increase the delivery of affordable workspaces and flexible workspace that can serve the Borough's growth sectors and changing patterns of employment. • Safe, strong and open communities – this includes the Council's responsibilities for the safeguarding of adults and children, and supporting people with the most complex needs. The Council will also ensure that young people are well-prepared for adult life wit the knowledge, resilience and relationships they need to succeed. The Council will protect the family of schools in the Borough and the shared vision of collaborative local comprehensive education and will support citizens in developing the skills and knowledge they need to be able to access work and opportunities. The Council will also tackle the early signs of domestic abuse, serious crime and inequality and discrimination, creating space for dialogue		

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		and understanding and support social action and the voluntary sector. The Plan also states the Council's desire for everyone to have access to the Borough's cultural and heritage assets, and have the opportunity to enrich Camden's cultural life. • Clean, vibrant and sustainable places – improving air quality, reducing carbon emissions (including from the Council's estate), decreasing waste and making sure that green spaces, streets, housing estates and other public spaces are clean, attractive and safe. • Healthy, independent lives – putting health and wellbeing at the forefront of what the Council does, improving healthy choices and confronting poorer health outcomes. Supporting people to look after and improve their mental health, enabling them to live well and independently. Focussing on quality of life as well as life expectancy.		
51.	Camden Local Plan 2017	The Local Plan is the basis for making planning decisions in the Borough and replaces the Core Strategy and Development Policies planning document. It responds to a number of key challenges and issues the Borough faces including: • Adapting to Camden's growing population and to social change; • The supply and cost of housing in the Borough;	The SA objectives of the EAP should be informed by the policies and SA considerations of these plan documents.	The EAP is being updated in response to the Local Plan.

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		• Maintaining a successful economy and improving opportunities; • Inequalities; • Health and wellbeing; • Improving transport; • The quality of the environment (ensuring growth and change respects the character, heritage and distinctiveness of Camden's valued and special places; • Crime and safety Key policy approaches include: • Housing target of c.17,000 homes over a 15 year plan period; • Increasing affordable housing provision with a steeper sliding scale starting at 2% for one additional home / 100 sqm and increasing by 2% for each further home / 100 sqm to reach 50% target for 25 additional homes; • Small site contributions to affordable housing (i.e. schemes of 1-9 homes); • Split of 60% affordable-social rent / 40% intermediate housing; • Shift away from shared ownership to more affordable models, e.g. intermediate rent; • Plan undertakes to identify sites to meet projected need for 7 additional traveller pitches by 2020/21 and to seek to identify		

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		developable sites or broad locations to meet need for a further 9 pitches by 2030/31; • Redesignation of Regis Road part of the Industry Area at Kentish Town as a growth area for comprehensive employment-led mixed-use development to deliver new jobs and homes; • Emphasis on supporting growth sectors and SMEs and maximising jobs, training and apprenticeships; • Basement policy made as strong as possible to increase protection for neighbours, including a limit to one storey depth; • Car-free extended to whole borough (for both residential and commercial); • Policy to protect valued pubs, reflecting their community role and contribution to local character; includes protection for pubs valued by protected groups; • Policies to support healthy lives and wellbeing and to tackle obesity such as promoting walking and cycling; • Protecting the quality of life of residents by safeguarding amenity and managing development impact (e.g. noise, privacy and light); • Requiring high sustainability performance from new development, e.g. renewable energy target; • Tall buildings to be assessed on a case-by-case basis taking into account design, local context, heritage, views etc.;		

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		• Requiring development to be of the highest architectural and urban design quality; • Preserving / enhancing Camden's rich and diverse heritage; • Ensuring that community facilities and services are provided for the benefit of communities in Camden and are developed and modernised in a way that ensures long-term provision is sustained; • Protecting existing open spaces and securing the provision of additional publicly accessible open space and its ongoing management.		
52.	Camden Planning Guidance	Camden Planning Guidance provides advice and information on how the LBC applies its planning policies. Adopted CPG documents: • Access for All CPG - March 2019 • Adverts CPG - March 2018 • Air Quality - January 2021 • Amenity - January 2021 • Artworks, statues and memorials CPG - March 2019 • Basements - January 2021 • Biodiversity CPG - March 2018 • Community uses, leisure and pubs - January 2021 • Design - January 2021 • Developer Contribution CPG - March 2019 • Digital Infrastructure CPG - March 2018 • Employment sites and business premises - January 2021 • Energy efficiency and adaptation - January 2021	SA objectives should be informed by the guidance outlined within this document.	The EAP should include reference to supplementary guidance where appropriate.

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		• Home improvements - January 2021 • Housing - January 2021 • Planning for health and wellbeing - January 2021 • Public open space - January 2021 • Student housing CPG - March 2019 • Town centres and retail - January 2021 • Transport - January 2021 • Trees CPG - March 2019 • Water and flooding CPG - March 2019 These guidance documents support the policies in the Camden Local Plan.		
53.	Camden Site Allocations 2013 And Draft Site Allocations 2021	This document sets out the Council's approach to future development on key sites across the borough. It is used alongside other policies in Camden's Development Plan to assess development proposals on key sites and areas. Camden is developing a new Site Allocations Local Plan. The Plan identifies a number key development sites and areas across the borough. It sets out how they should be developed in the future. They should be planned in a way that respects the local character of the surrounding area. They should also meet the needs of local communities and businesses. The Site Allocations seeks to meet the aims and objectives of the Local Plan, by setting out guidelines on land uses, design and infrastructure provision for key areas and sites.	SA objectives should be informed by this work.	The Euston Area Plan should be consistent with the Site Allocations Local Plan.

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		Once adopted this Plan will replace policies in the 2013 Site Allocations Plan.		
54.	Camden Infrastructure Study June 2019	This document includes details of the infrastructure baseline as it exists (2019), acknowledging future plans where they exist.	The SA objectives should ensure the findings of this study are included.	The EAP should use this for reference.
55.	Camden Conservation Area Appraisals	The conservation area appraisals and management strategies define the special character of a conservation area and set out the approach for its preservation and enhancement. Conservation Areas of note for the Euston area are Regents Park (2011), Kings Cross/St Pancras (2003) and Camden Town Conservation Area (2007).	SA objectives should be informed by the guidance outlined within these documents.	Guidance within the EAP should be consistent with the findings and recommendations of these documents.
56.	Camden Character Study 2015	The Character Study was commissioned to identify the character of parts of the Borough that had not previously been documented. Conservation Areas, public open space and Growth Areas were excluded. It describes various character typologies and areas and where opportunities for improvements might be sought that could improve the functioning of an area, address urban design or character weaknesses.	SA objectives should be informed by the guidance outlined within this document.	Guidance within the EAP should be consistent with the findings and recommendations of this document.
57.	Camden and Islington Strategic	The Study identified and defined the functional housing market. It then drawing on all the available evidence sought to:	This assessment informed the Local Plan	The EAP should reflect the evidence and

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	Housing Market Assessment, ORS 2016	• Determine the need and demand for housing based on demographic projections; • Consider market signals about the balance between demand for and supply and supply of dwellings; • Establish the Objectively Assessed Need for housing over the period 2016-31; • Identify the appropriate balance between market and affordable housing; and • Address the needs for all types of housing, including the private rented sector, people wishing to build their own home, family housing, housing for older people and households with specific needs.	2017. Relevant information should inform the SA.	necessary updates conducted for the Local Plan.
58.	Financial Viability Study, BNP Paribas 2016	The report tests the ability of a range of development types in Camden to viably meet planning policy requirements of the draft Local Plan. The Study tests the cumulative impact of the policies, focusing in particular on the housing requirements of the Local Plan. Key findings of the Study were: • Seeking 50% affordable housing in developments across the Borough is still reasonable; • An approach requiring larger rented affordable housing to be delivered as social rent units at target rents as a priority to be a reasonable starting point for affordable housing negotiations;	This assessment informed the Local Plan 2017. Relevant information should inform the SA.	The EAP should reflect the evidence and necessary updates conducted for the Local Plan.

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		• The impact of a car free approach on viability will vary from site to site. However, a difference of less than 5% of scheme GDV is unlikely to be the determining factor in a developer's decision making of the delivery of a site; • Like conventional housing schemes, PRS developments can in most instances viably deliver affordable housing; • Direct let student accommodation schemes are able to support between 30% to 50% affordable accommodation; • In the large majority of mixed-use schemes, office and retail developments can viably provide residential floorspace, including affordable housing; • Recommendations rates for payments-in-lieu of on-site affordable housing and self-contained housing within mixed-use developments.		
59.	Employment Land Review, URS 2014	The Study was commissioned by Camden Council to assess the future demand for employment land, compare it with the land supply provided under current planning policies and make policy recommendations accordingly.	SA objectives should reflect the need for employment spaces in the borough.	The EAP policies should be consistent with the recommendations of the Study.
60.	Camden Retail and Town Centre Study 2013 - GVA	Planning policy recommendations: • The current retail hierarchy in Camden appears to be reasonable. If the future proposals for Euston area involve the provision of significant floorspace, it may be appropriate	SA Objectives should reflect the findings of the study in terms of retail floorspace provision.	The EAP should provide a consistent approach to encouraging vitality and viability and protecting and enhancing retail floorspace.

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		to designate Euston as a town centre. This would require a full assessment of impact. • Recommend that following crossrail development in 2018 the central London frontage in this location is reviewed. • In general the defined core and secondary frontages are considered appropriate. It will be important for centres with high vacancy levels in secondary areas that the specific thresholds for maximum levels of A3/4/5 uses are not overly restrictive. • Define primary shopping areas. • None of the town centres have a deficiency in eating and drinking provision. The study has identified significant capacity for convenience goods over the plan period. Significant capacity for comparison goods was also identified in the borough between 2018-2031. The report recommends that the Council: • directs significant retail development towards central London frontages, the growth areas and other town centres; and • undertake a review of suitable sites within these locations to accommodate future retail needs.		
61.	Gypsy and Traveller and Travelling	The main objective of the Study is to provide the Council with up-to-date evidence about the accommodation needs of Gypsies and	This assessment informed the Local Plan	The EAP should consider the evidence

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	Showpeople Accommodation Assessment ORS 2014	Travellers and Travelling Showpeople in the period to 2031, including a figure for the next five years. • This led to recommendations for future pitch provision, transit sites and Travelling Showperson requirements.	2017. Relevant information should inform the SA.	and necessary updates conducted for the Local Plan.
62.	Camden 2019-2022 Clean Air Quality Action Plan	Camden's Clean Air Action Plan has been produced as part of Camden's duty to London Local Air Quality Management. It outlines the action we will take to improve air quality in Camden between 2019 and 2022. The six relevant broad themes in the Clean Air Action Plan which are: • Building emissions - Emissions from buildings account for about 15% of the NOX emissions across London so are important in affecting NO2 concentrations. Energy efficiency and retrofitting workplaces and homes as well as enforcing Smoke Control regulations are examples of how we will work to reduce these emissions. • Construction emissions: the Greater London Authority estimates that construction and non-road mobile machinery account for around 15% of particulate matter (PM10) and 12% of nitrogen oxide (NOX) emissions. Measures such as enforcing NRMM will help to reduce these emission sources. • Transport emissions: transport emissions account for approximately 50% of Camden's NO2 and PM10 emissions.	SA objectives should seek to enhance air quality wherever possible.	Site Allocations should contain policies which reflect the findings of the Plan and seek to improve air quality in the Euston area.

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		We need to encourage a shift to more sustainable forms of transport such as walking, cycling and ultra-low emission vehicles (such as electric). Installing more cycle lanes and installing more EV charging points are measures that help to address this. • Communities and schools: Similar to the public health and awareness raising, this theme focusses on schools and our local communities and how we can reduce their exposure to poor air quality. Delivering Healthy School Streets and Play Streets will help to achieve this. • Delivery servicing and freight: vehicles delivering goods and services are usually diesel-fuelled light and heavy goods vehicles with high NO2 emissions. Reducing emissions from our own fleet will lead by example. • Public health and awareness raising: increasing awareness can drive behaviour change to lower emissions as well as reduce exposure to air pollution. Supporting alerts and promoting the Mayor's air pollution forecasts is one measure that will help to raise awareness. .		
63.	Strategic Flood Risk Assessment 2014	The Camden SFRA 2014 identified areas of flooding risk and provided guidance on the management of residual flood risk and surface water drainage through the use of Sustainable urban Drainage Systems (SuDS) and feasibility of SuDS in Camden.	Take flood risk into account in developing objectives and should incorporate or reflect	The EAP should take a risk-based approach and consider flood risk in accordance with guidance and consider

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			regional or strategic flood risk assessments.	ways to promote sustainable drainage systems alongside the more sustainable use of water.
64.	London Borough of Camden Annual Monitoring Report	The Authority Monitoring Report contains information on key indicators regarding the implementation of Camden's planning policy documents. The document reports on these indicators and the extent to which planning policies are being achieved. The document records key statistics on: • Housing • Employment Space • Town Centre Uses and Retail • Design • Sustainable Development • Transport • Heritage • Basements	SA objectives and baseline reports should be informed by the information presented within this report.	The EAP should ensure that its policies recommend a course of action that can be monitored via this report.
65.	London Borough of Camden Housing Delivery Test - Action Plan August 2020	The Housing Delivery Test (HDT) is an annual measurement of housing delivery in the area of relevant plan-making authorities introduced by the government. In 2019, the measurement for Camden was 87% (proportion of homes delivered compared to the target). As delivery falls below 95%, authorities must publish an	SA objectives should be consistent with the action plan.	The EAP should take the objectives of the Action Plan into account and where appropriate ensure they set out how

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		action plan to explain how they will increase delivery in future years. Camden's HDT Action Plan identifies 'issues' that have potentially affected delivery rates over the last 3 years and/or in the coming years and sets out a series of actions that the authority is, or will be, undertaking to address them.		planning can help achieve these.
66.	North London Waste Plan (submission draft 2019)	The plan provides a set of agreed priorities for delivering sustainable waste management in North London	The SA should be consistent with the overarching principles.	The EAP should be consistent with the aims of the Plan.
67.	Camden Joint Strategic Needs Assessment 2019	The Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) is a process by which local authorities and Clinical Commissioning Groups assess the current and future health, care and wellbeing needs of the local community to inform local decision making. This includes: • Being concerned with wider social factors that have an impact on people's health and wellbeing, such as housing, poverty and employment. • Looking at the health of the population, with a focus on behaviours which affect health such as smoking, diet and exercise. • Providing a common view of health and care needs for the local community. • Identifying health inequalities. • Providing evidence of effectiveness for different health and care interventions. • Documenting current service provision.	The SA objectives should ensure that the contents of the needs assessment is taken into account.	The EAP should help to address the needs recognised in this assessment.

Ref No.	Policies, Plans or Programme of Potential Relevance	Key Objectives: Issues, Guidance, Indicators or Targets relevant to the Area Plan	Implications and Considerations for Sustainability Appraisal (SA)	Implications and Considerations for the Euston Area Plan update
		• Identifying gaps in health and care services, documenting unmet needs.		
68.	Healthy Streets, Healthy Travel, Healthy Lives: Camden Transport Strategy 2019-2041	The Camden Transport Strategy seeks to transform transport and mobility in Camden, enabling and encouraging people to travel sustainably; nurturing healthier lifestyles; creating radically less polluted places; and upgrading the transport network to meets Camden's needs and those of London as a growing capital city	SA objectives should be consistent with the Transport Strategy objectives	The EAP should be consistent with the Transport Strategy as it relates to spatial planning matters and where possible, should seek to achieve the aims of the Strategy throughout the planning process.
69.	Camden Biodiversity Action Plan 2013 - 2018	The BAP contains 3x action plans which cover: • Access to nature - here, we focus on the actions that will encourage our residents to access the natural environment for the range of health, wellbeing, social and community benefits that it can deliver. • Built environment - The current planning policy environment requires that developers consider biodiversity in their proposals and contribute to an overall biodiversity enhancement. This BAP seeks to work with existing planning policy (see Table 1) and provide further direction on what the priorities are in Camden and how enhancements can be delivered.	Changes in priority species and habitats could be a sustainability indicator to measure whether the EAP is helping to protect and enhance biodiversity.	The EAP should seek to protect and enhance the biodiversity the borough, and particularly priority species and habitats.

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		• Open spaces and natural habitats - This section of the BAP focuses on looking after our open spaces so that they provide opportunities for wildlife to thrive. This means managing existing natural spaces, such as woodlands, the canal and heath, to the best of our ability. It also means making formal and amenity spaces more wildlife friendly by looking at the landscaping schemes we use and making the right decisions about the projects that we run.		
70.	Camden Climate Action Plan 2020-2025	The Climate Action Plan proposes a five-year programme of projects and activities around the themes of People, Places, Buildings and Organisations that deliver on the 17 Citizens' Assembly recommendations and bring to life the vision of a zero carbon Camden. The vision is to achieving a net zero carbon Camden by 2030. Highlights of the plan include increasing the number of segregated cycle routes, requiring all new major developments to be zero carbon and switching the Council's energy supplies to 100% renewable sources.	The SA objectives must take into account the guiding principles of the Climate Action Plan.	The EAP should reflect and build upon the aims of the Climate Action Plan.
71.	Annual School Places Planning Report (Primary and Secondary) 2019	Every year, Camden Council reviews its school places planning projections for the primary and secondary sectors. The latest report (2019) highlights the current capacity and pressures within the borough, projected future demand and any likely impact of changes in neighbouring boroughs.	The SA should take account of this evidence and any updates in assessing need.	The EAP and supporting evidence should reflect the findings of this report.

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72.	Camden Open Space, Sport and Recreation Study Review; Atkins; 2014	This builds on previous studies to provide an update and analysis of different types of urban greenspace in the Borough including indoor and outdoor sports facilities. The study assessed the quantity, quality and accessibility of open space in the Borough.	SA objectives should reflect the key findings of the study.	The EAP should contain policies which are consistent with the study.
73.	Camden Reduction and Recycling Plan: 2018-2022	This Plan drives and promotes local activity that will also play an important role helping to achieve the Mayor's London-wide targets to cut food waste by 50 per person and achieve 65 per cent municipal waste recycling by 2030.	The SA objectives should take account of this Plan in reducing waste and encouraging recycling.	The Area Plan should be consistent with the Plan and reflect the key aims and seek to reduce waste.
74.	Camden Carbon Scenarios for 2025 and 2030 - An update to the 2010 Study 2019	This report highlights the likely route to a low carbon Camden in 2030. It suggests the likely approach would require the removal of all gas appliances, boilers, ovens and hobs to be replaced with electric heat pumps either in each building on connected via district heating. A zero carbon emission zone for transport would need to be established so that only pure battery electric vehicles could drive through the borough. And to ensure that the additional electricity required through this electrification approach could be supplied without any associated carbon, a vast increase in solar PV capacity would be needed on Camden's buildings.	The SA objectives should be mindful of the recommendations of this Study.	The Euston Area Plan should be consistent with the recommendations of the study.